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FINAL REPORT OF THE THIRTY THIRD NORTH CAROLINA LAYER PERFORMANCE AND MANAGEMENT TEST

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The North Carolina Layer Performance and Management Test is conducted under the auspices of the Cooperative Extension Service at North Carolina State University and the North Carolina Department of Agriculture. The flock is maintained at the Piedmont Research Station, Salisbury, North Carolina. Mr. Raymond Coltrain is Piedmont Research Station Superintendent; Mr. David Joyce is Resident Manager of the flock; Pam Jenkins is the Statistical Research Assistant; and Dr. K. E. Anderson is Project Leader. The purpose of this program is to assist poultrymen in evaluation of commercial layer stocks and management systems.

The data presented herein represents the analysis of the first production cycle, molt, and second production cycle of the 33rd North Carolina Layer Performance and Management Test. Performance summary tables are available examining density and molt programs individually as well as the combined results. This is due to the remodeling of the production facilities which resulted in the curtain sided house becoming an enclosed force ventilated house.

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33rd NORTH CAROLINA LAYER PERFORMANCE AND MANAGEMENT TEST

Protocol Procedures Used

Entries:

A total of four white egg and four brown egg strains were accepted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the test.

Dates of Importance:

The eggs for the 33rd NCLP&MT were set on June 10, 1998 at the Piedmont Research Station (NCDA) Poultry Unit. The flock was hatched on July 1, 1998 and the pullets were moved to the laying facilities on October 27-28, 1998 during their 17th week of age. The age of the flock at transfer was lowered to approximately 17 weeks due to current trends in the industry and requests of the breeders to move the flock prior to excessive egg production in the rearing houses.

First cycle production records commenced on November 4, 1998 (18 weeks of age) until molt was induced on October 6, 1999. The molt records commenced on October 6, 1999 (66 weeks of age) and ended on November 3, 1999 (70 weeks of age). The second production cycle commenced on November 3, 1999 and ended on August 8, 2000 (110 Weeks of age). This report includes production data summarized from 18 to 66 weeks, 66 to 70 weeks, and 70 to 110 weeks.

Pullet Housing:

The chicks were randomly assigned to the growing cages with white egg and brown egg replicates being intermingled throughout the house. The white egg strains occupied approximately ½ of the house and brown egg strains occupied the other half of the house. All strains were assigned to be represented as equally as possible in all rooms, row, and levels.

House 8--is an environmentally controlled closed brood-grow facility with 3 banks of quad-deck cages in each room. Each room has been assigned a number, each side of each bank has been assigned a row number, and each cage section within each row and level/row has been assigned a replicate number. For statistical analysis, pairs of rows have been designated as Thus, each block consists of two rows containing 24 replicates blocks. (i.e. 3 reps/strain) on all levels. This allows for a total of 3,744 pullets per room resulting in a total pullet count in House 8 of 14,976. The white and brown-egg strains were randomly assigned to three replicates within each block in the house. Entrant strains were assigned to the blocks in a restricted randomized manner with the restrictions being that all strains were approximately equally represented in all rows, levels, and rooms. All chicks were brooded in the same cage during the entire 17 wk rearing period. Paper was placed on the cage floor for the first 7 days within each of the replicate series within each row. Each cage within the replicate was filled with 13 white-egg or brown-egg (13 per 24" x 26" cage) pullets on the day of hatch for a rearing allowance of 48 sq in for the white-egg layers. The same number of pullets were grown in each replicate for both white and brown-egg strains. The room dividers were removed for this test so that all birds were essentially reared in a contiguous house. Pullet nutrition and husbandry practices are published in the Pullet Rearing Report (Vol. 33, No. 2).

Test Design:

The arrangement for the laying test involved a completely randomized design and the main effects were set up in a factorial arrangement. The main effects were strain and density. Following are general descriptions of the main effects:

Strain

The samples of fertile eggs were provided directly by the breeders involved. All eggs were set and hatched concurrently. A total of four white egg strains and four brown egg strains participated in the test. See the 33rd Hatch Report (Vol. 33, No. 1) for details.

Layer Housing

Two lay houses (4 and 5) were utilized. House 4 is a high rise, environmentally controlled facility with three banks of four-deck high cages. Each side of each bank was designated as a row, and each row was divided into nine eight-foot replicate blocks/level. The replicate blocks contain cages that are either 30.5 or 40.5 cm wide. House 5 is a standard height totally enclosed force ventilated open-sided laying house with a flush manure handling system. It has 2 banks of triple-deck cages and two Again, each side of a bank was banks with four-deck high cages. designated as a row and each row was divided into 9 8-foot replicates/level. The replicates contained cages that were either 30.5 or 40.5 cm wide. In both houses the cages were 40.5 cm deep therefore, when the bird population was held constant at 4 hens per cage, densities for the 30.5 and 40.4 cm cages were 310 and 413 cm², respectively. House 4 contained 6,048 hens and House 5 7,056. Both houses contain feeder systems which allow feed consumption to be determined per replicate block. The white-egg and brown-egg strains were assigned to the replicates in a restricted randomized manner, with the restrictions being that all strains were approximately equally represented in all rows, levels and cage sizes.

Density

All individual cages within each block contained 4 hens for both the brown and the white egg layers. Thus the replicate blocks contained either 32 or 24 hens per replicate, for the block with 30.5 cm or 40.5 cm lengths, respectively. Cage densities for each 4 hen cage group were 310 cm 2 (48 in 2) and 413 cm 2 (64 in 2) for these two types of cages. Initial population size was constant throughout the test, so population size was not a factor in this test.

Layer Management (Molting):

The molt experiment was conducted utilizing the hens which are participating in the layer test. Participating strains were randomly divided into two groups such that all strains, densities, and levels were approximately equally represented in both houses. Two molting procedures were compared commencing at 66 wks of age. The first molting program consisted of a 14 day fasting period with a goal of hen body weight loss of approximately 30 % (Force Molted). Following the fasting phase the hens were provided a single diet containing 16% crude protein resting diet for 2 wks. The second program consisted of a short fasting period of 5-6 days followed by the feeding of a 10% crude protein diet containing 1400 KcalME/kg for the remainder of the molting program. This was to allow the hen's body weight loss to be approximately 25% (Feed Restriction Molting). The hens were returned to the laying diet and light stimulated 4 wks after the molt was initiated.

Layer Nutrition:

Layer diets are identified as Diets D, E, F, G, H, I, M, N, O, P, and Q which consist of a pre-lay diet and a series of layer diets formulated to assure a daily protein, mineral and amino acid intake as shown below. The diets are provided to the birds in a crumblized form to reduce feed wastage. Dietary formulations are presented in the following section. Feed was offered ad libitum in accordance with the guidelines that all birds should receive acceptable nutrient intake at all times depending on the bird's age and production rate (see Table). The diet being fed at any given time provides the nutrient intake and is determined based upon bird age, production stage, and average daily feed intake.

MINIMUM DAILY INTAKE OF NUTRIENTS PER BIRD AT VARIOUS STAGES OF PRODUCTION

Production Stage	> 87% and Pre-Peak	87-80%	80-70%	<70%	
White-Egg Layers					
Protein (g/day) Calcium (g/day) Lysine (mg/day) TSAA (mg/day)	19 3.8 820 700	18 3.8 780 670	17 4.0 730 630	16 4.0 690 590	
Brown Eqq Layers					
Protein (g/day) Calcium (g/day) Lysine (mg/day) TSAA (mg/day)	20 3.8 830 710	19 3.8 820 700	18 3.8 780 670	17 4.0 730 630	

LAYING HOUSE FEEDING PROGRAM

	Consumption Per	Diet Fed		
Rate of Production	100 Birds/Day	White Egg Strains	Brown Egg Strains	
Rate of Production	(kg)	Strains	Strains	
Weeks 17-26	< 9.52	D	D	
Pre-Peak and > 87%	< 9.52	F	E	
	9.57-10.39	G	F	
	10.43-11.29	I	H	
	11.34-12.20 12.25-13.11	N P	M O	
	>13.15	Q	Q	
80-87%	< 9.52	 G	F	
00 070	9.57-10.39	H	G	
	10.43-11.29	M	Ī	
	11.34-12.20	0	N	
	12.25-13.11	Q	P	
	>13.15	Q	<u>Q</u>	
70-80%	< 9.52	H	G	
	9.57-10.39	I	H	
	10.43-11.29 11.34-12.20	N P	M O	
	12.25-13.11	Q	Q	
	>13.15	Q	Q	
< 70%	< 9.52	I	Н	
	9.57-10.39	M	I	
	10.43-11.29	0	N	
	11.34-12.20	Q	0	
	12.25-13.11 >13.15	Q Q	Q Q	
Post-Molt < 70%	< 9.52		F	
1050-1010 (70%	9.57-10.39	H	G	
	10.43-11.29	M	Ī	
	11.34-12.20	0	N	
	12.25-13.11	Q	P	
	>13.15	Q	Q	

LAYING PERIOD DIETS

Diet Identification 1

	Layer Diets							
Ingredient	D	E	F	G	Н			
Pounds Per Ton								
Corn	772.07	819.01	934.81	1000.11	1068.72			
Corn Gluten Meal	100.0	75.00	85.00	90.00	90.00			
Soybean Meal	603.43	581.58	530.80	466.26	412.42			
Wheat Midds	145.62	150.00	100.14	109.38	110.93			
Calcium Carb	200.49	194.30	188.83	184.03	178.56			
DiCalcium Phos	21.20	23.15	24.36	24.02	24.91			
Sodium Bi-Carb	16.74	16.66	17.72	17.54	17.52			
Salt	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00			
Methionine	3.54	4.50	4.82	5.45	5.06			
Lysine		1.31		1.90	2.66			
Choline Chloride	5.49	5.35	5.27	5.20	5.10			
Vitamin premix	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Min. premix	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Fat	120.42	118.14	97.25	85.11	73.12			
Mold Inhibitor	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Tracer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Total	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000			
Protein %	22	21	20	19	18			
ME kcal/kg	2925	2925	2925	2925	2925			
Calcium %	4.10	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.70			
T. Phos %	.59	.60	.59	.58	.58			
Lysine %	1.14	1.15	1.02	1.00	.95			
TSAA %	.90	.90	.90	.90	.85			

LAYING PERIOD DIETS

Diet Identification 1

	Diet Identification								
			Layer	Diet					
Ingredient	I	М	N	0	P	Q			
	Pounds Per Ton								
Corn	1136.49	1211.94	1233.32	1215.69	1318.20	1390.16			
Corn Gluten Meal	100.00	85.00	50.00	50.00	25.00	25.00			
Soybean Meal	346.86	314.14	300.80	223.71	216.04	162.24			
Wheat Midds	109.19	103.88	147.81	256.18	200.00	200.00			
Calcium Carb	178.31	168.03	158.33	155.44	150.20	145.85			
DiCalcium Phos	26.00	25.88	24.14	19.60	20.30	18.78			
Sodium Bi-Carb	17.56	17.69	16.77	14.52	15.70	15.71			
Salt	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00			
Methionine	4.56	4.32	3.36	2.20	1.97	1.58			
Lysine	3.80	3.91	1.97	1.80	2.61	3.37			
Choline Chloride	5.04	4.91	4.71	4.60	4.46	4.37			
Vet premix	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Min. premix	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Fat	61.19	49.30	47.79	45.26	34.79	21.94			
Mold Inhibitor	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Tracer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Total	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000			
Protein %	17	16	15	14	13	12			
Me kcal/kg	2925	2925	2925	2925	2925	2925			
Calcium %	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0			
T. Phos %	.58	.57	.56	.54	.52	.50			
Lysine %	.90	.85	.75	.65	.65	.60			
TSAA %	.80	.75	.65	.55	.50	.45			

Data Collection Schedule and Procedures:

Egg Production—-All eggs that had the potential of being marketed were credited toward the test unit's (replicate) egg production, regardless of the shell condition at the time of collection. All eggs were collected and recorded daily. Egg production was summarized at twenty-eight day intervals, and was calculated and reported on a hen-day basis.

<u>Eqq Weight</u> --At twenty-eight day intervals, all eggs produced in the previous 24-hour period were weighed and sorted by size (See egg size distribution). Percentages of eggs within each size category, average egg weight (g), and egg mass (g) were calculated and reported.

Eqq Quality—At twenty-eight day intervals, all eggs produced within the previous 24 hours were examined by candling light and graded according to current USDA standards for egg quality. Eggs were graded on an Aqua-magic CG-60 egg grader located on site. The egg handling consists of collection and transport to the cooler prior to grading. The egg size distribution is based on the standard industry scale settings for each weight classification. Egg income was calculated using three-year regional average prices for farm value of eggs based on egg production and quality evaluation.

<u>Feed Consumption</u>--All feed offered for consumption was recorded for each replicate. At twenty-eight day intervals, feed not consumed was weighed back and feed consumption was calculated. Daily feed intake (kg/100 hens/day) was calculated and reported for each strain. Feed costs were based on the actual feed prices for each feed delivery which were calculated and summarized for the complete production cycle.

Mortality--All mortalities were recorded daily, categorized as to the cause, and obvious accidents were not included in reported mortalities.

Statistical Analyses and Separation of Means:

Analyses of variance were performed on all data. Separate analyses were conducted for white and brown egg strains. Significant differences (P < .01) within white and brown egg strains are noted by differing letters among columns of means. The blocking effect for the layer houses 4 and 5, was not significant, therefore, data for houses 4 and 5 were pooled in this analysis. All data were subjected to ANOVA utilizing the GLM procedure of SAS, with main effects of strain and density for the first cycle and molt program in the second cycle. First and second order interactions were tested for significance. Mean differences were separated via the PDIFF option of the GLM procedure.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA TABLE STATISTICS

First cycle performance of white and brown egg strains are shown on Tables 1-6. The molt period performance of the white and brown egg strains are shown on Tables 7 to 10. Second cycle performance of white and brown egg strains, molted with the force molted program are in Tables 11 to 16 and with the feed restriction molting program in Tables 17 to 22. Combined performance (First and Second Cycles) of white and brown egg strains, molted with the force molted program are in Tables 23 to 28 and with the feed restriction molting program in Tables 29 to 34.

Breeder (Strain):

Short identification codes of the breeder and strain of the stock were developed. See more complete information following data tables.

Population and Density Allocations:

White and Brown Hens per Cage	Cage Size <u>Width Depth</u>	Floor Space per Bird	Feeder Space <u>per Bird</u>	Water Nipples per Cage
4	30.5 cm x 40.7 cm	$310 \text{ cm}^2 (48 \text{ in}^2)$	7.6 cm 3.0 in	1
4	40.7 cm x 40.7	413 cm ² (64 in ²)	10.2 cm 4.0 in	1

Hen Housed Eggs per Bird:

The total number of eggs produced divided by the number of birds housed at 126 days of age.

Hen Day Egg Production:

The average daily number of eggs produced per 100 hens per day.

Egg Mass:

The average daily production of egg mass in grams per hen day.

Mortality:

The percentage of birds which died in the First Cycle (126 and 462 days of age), Molt (462 and 490 days of age), and Second Cycle (490 and 770 days of age). Combined data includes the mortality which occurred during each of the production phases.

Feed Consumption:

The kilograms of feed consumed daily per 100 hens (housed or hen days).

Feed Conversion:

The grams of egg produced per gram of feed consumed.

Egg Weight:

The average egg weight (gms) for each period sampled.

Egg Income:

The calculated income per hen housed at 126 days, from egg production using three-year regional average egg prices as follows:

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Cents/Dozen</u>
А	Extra Large	80.2
А	Large	80.2
А	Medium	64.8
А	Small	49.1
А	Pee Wee	24.6
В	All	24.6
Cracks	All	42.5

Feed Cost:

The calculated feed cost per hen housed at 126 days, using the pounds/diet consumed and the average price of each diet per ton.

<u>Diets</u>	<u>First Cycle</u> <u>Price Per Ton</u>	<u>Second Cycle</u> <u>Price Per Ton</u>
D	164.72	-
E	155.60	166.84
F	158.71	168.80
G	160.29	166.48
Н	160.81	165.20
Molt	145.50	-
I	-	159.02
М	-	162.71
N	-	154.20

Grade Information:

The average grade of all eggs sampled according to USDA grading standards over all sampling periods.

Egg Size Distribution:

Following are the USDA size classifications used for the egg size grading. There has been blending of egg size in this test with the weight cutoff between medium and large being 23.5. This maximizes the number of USDA large eggs just as would occur in a commercial plant. The proportion of the eggs falling into the following size categories are reported in the tables.

<u>Size Category</u>	<u>Ounces/Dozen</u>
Pee Wee	< 18
Small	18 - 21
Medium	21 - 23.5
Large	23.5 - 27
Extra Large	> 27

Metric Conversions:

1 lb = 453.6 g	1 g = .03527 oz
1 lb = .4536 kg	1 kg = 2.204 lb
1 oz = 28.35 g	1 g = 1000 mg 1 kg = 1000 g

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-462 DAYS)

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)	Age at 50% Pro- duction (Days)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	9.8 10.9 10.3	.46 .45 .46	258.0 279.9 268.9 ^{AB}	82.3 87.7 85.0 ^A	45.4 49.0 47.2 ^A	15.0 12.3 13.7 ^A	137.9 137.9 137.9 ^B
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	9.7 10.4 10.0	.48 .47 .47	264.1 280.2 272.1 ^A	82.7 86.3 84.5 ^A	46.4 48.7 47.5 ^A	10.7 7.5 9.1 ^B	139.0 138.2 138.6 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	9.9 10.4 10.2	.46 .46 .46	248.9 258.9 253.9 ^c	77.5 80.7 79.1 ^B	45.8 47.7 46.7 ^A	10.3 7.4 8.9 ^{BC}	134.1 135.2 134.7 ^c
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	9.3 10.2 9.7	.47 .45 .46	257.5 265.2 261.4 ^{BC}	78.5 80.3 79.4 ^B	44.5 45.8 45.1 ^B	6.3 4.4 5.4 ^c	144.4 143.7 144.0 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	9.7^{z} 10.5^{y} 10.1	.47 .46 .46	257.1 ^z 271.1 ^y 264.1	80.2 ^z 83.8 ^y 82.0	45.5 ² 47.8 ⁴ 46.6	10.6 ^Y 7.9 ^Z 9.3	138.8 138.7 138.8

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

TABLE 2. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-462 DAYS)

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	54.9 55.6 55.2 ^c	4.9 4.6 4.7 ^A	10.0 9.3 9.6	32.7 28.4 30.5 ^A	38.3 42.0 40.1 ^A	14.0 15.4 14.7 ^c
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	55.9 56.2 56.0 ^B	3.6 3.6 3.6 ^B	8.6 7.6 8.1	29.4 28.2 28.8 ^A	41.1 42.1 41.6 ^A	17.1 18.2 17.7 ^c
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	59.0 59.0 59.0 ^A	1.6 2.1 1.9 ^c	8.3 7.5 7.9	18.3 17.1 17.7 ^c	35.2 36.2 35.7 ^B	36.5 36.8 36.7 ^A
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	56.1 56.6 56.4 ^B	5.0 5.0 5.0 ^A	7.6 8.4 8.0	27.4 22.8 25.1 ^B	38.8 40.5 39.6 ^A	21.1 23.1 22.1 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	56.5 56.8 56.7	3.8 3.8 3.8	8.6 8.2 8.4	26.9 [°] 24.2 [°] 25.5	38.3 40.2 39.3	22.2 23.4 22.8

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 3. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-462 DAYS)

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	97.4 98.3 97.9	0.4 0.4 0.4	2.1 1.2 1.6	0.2 0.2 0.2	14.71 16.21 15.46 ^{AB}	5.54 6.25 5.90
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	97.9 98.4 98.1	0.2 0.2 0.2	1.8 1.3 1.5	0.1 0.2 0.1	15.43 16.52 15.98 ^A	5.60 6.07 5.83
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	97.7 98.1 97.9	0.6 0.1 0.3	1.6 1.7 1.7	0.1 0.1 0.1	15.12 15.79 15.46 ^{AB}	5.76 6.02 5.89
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	98.1 98.4 98.2	0.2 0.2 0.2	1.5 1.3 1.4	0.2 0.1 0.2	15.05 15.62 15.33 ^B	5.51 6.07 5.79
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.8 ^z 98.3 ^y 98.0	0.3 0.2 0.3	1.7 1.4 1.6	0.1 0.1 0.1	15.08 ^z 16.03 ^y 15.56	5.60 ^z 6.10 ^y 5.85

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48

square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd TABLE 4. NCLP&MT (126-462 DAYS)

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)	Age at 50% Pro- duction (Days)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.3 11.2 10.7	.48 .47 .47 ^B	263.1 289.7 276.4	84.0 88.7 86.3 ^A	49.2 52.4 50.8	13.4 7.4 10.4 ^A	136.7 134.6 135.7 ^B
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	10.2 10.9 10.6	.48 .48 .48 ^B	258.0 282.7 270.3	82.2 87.4 84.8 ^{AB}	48.9 52.7 50.8	12.4 7.3 9.8 ^A	137.6 136.4 137.0 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	9.8 10.8 10.3	.50 .49 .50 ^A	257.7 291.3 274.5	83.2 89.2 86.2 ^A	48.8 53.2 51.0	13.3 5.8 9.5 ^{AB}	138.5 136.3 137.4 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.0 10.9 10.4	.48 .48 .48 ^{AB}	256.0 288.4 272.2	81.0 86.9 84.0 ^B	48.4 52.3 50.3	9.6 2.9 6.2 ^B	138.9 137.0 137.9 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.1 ^z 10.9 ^y 10.5	.48 .48 .48	258.7 ^z 288.0 ^y 273.4	82.6 ^z 88.0 ^y 85.3	48.8 ^z 52.6 ^y 50.7	12.2 ^Y 5.8 ^Z 9.0	137.9 ^Y 136.1 ^Z 137.0

 $^{^{1}}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

strain average values.

Y, Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 5. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-462 DAYS)

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	58.3 58.9 58.6 ^B	2.0 1.2 1.6	6.4 6.1 6.2	22.5 19.6 21.0 ^A	39.7 38.8 39.2	29.3 34.1 31.7 ^B
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	59.3 60.0 59.6 ^A	1.2 1.0 1.1	6.8 5.6 6.2	19.6 17.3 18.5 ^{AB}	36.6 36.1 36.4	35.5 39.8 37.6 ^A
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	58.5 59.4 59.0 ^{AB}	1.9 1.3 1.6	6.0 5.8 5.9	21.3 17.3 19.3 ^{AB}	37.9 37.5 37.7	32.4 37.9 35.2 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	59.4 59.9 59.7 ^A	1.9 1.2 1.5	5.8 4.8 5.3	18.4 16.4 17.4 ^B	36.0 38.3 37.2	37.6 39.0 38.3 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	58.9 ^z 59.6 ^y 59.2	1.7 ^Y 1.2 ^Z 1.5	6.3 5.6 5.9	20.4 [°] 17.6 [°] 19.1	37.6 37.7 37.6	33.7 ^z 37.7 ^y 35.7

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT $(126-462\ \mathrm{DAYS})$ TABLE 6.

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	98.4 98.5 98.4	0.4 0.3 0.3	1.2 1.2 1.2	0.1 0.0 0.1	15.99 17.85 16.92	5.79 6.52 6.16
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	98.4 98.5 98.4	0.3 0.3 0.3	1.3 1.2 1.3	0.1 0.1 0.1	15.83 17.57 16.70	5.75 6.38 6.07
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	98.1 98.8 98.4	0.4 0.1 0.3	1.4 1.1 1.3	0.1 0.0 0.0	15.66 18.06 16.86	5.46 6.32 5.89
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	98.1 98.3 98.2	0.3 0.2 0.2	1.6 1.5 1.5	0.1 0.1 0.1	15.70 17.93 16.81	5.67 6.49 6.08
All Strains	310 413 Average	98.2 98.5 98.4	0.3 0.2 0.3	1.4 1.2 1.3	0.1 0.0 0.1	15.79 ^z 17.85 ^y 16.82	5.67 ^z 6.43 ^y 6.05

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

TABLE 7. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON SYNCHRONIZED MOLT OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (462-490 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Beginning Body Weight (kg)	Ending Body Weight (kg)	Weight Loss/Day (g)	Weight Loss (%)	Mortality (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	1.64 1.70 1.67 ^B	1.17 1.25 1.21 ^B	33 32 33	28.6 26.4 27.5	5.07 2.42 3.75 ^A
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	1.65 1.73 1.69 ^B	1.21 1.31 1.26 ^B	32 30 31	27.0 24.3 25.6	1.53 1.04 1.29 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	1.96 1.90 1.93 ^A	1.55 1.51 1.53 ^A	29 28 28	20.5 21.0 20.8	2.68 0.86 1.77 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	1.72 1.77 1.75 ^B	1.31 1.39 1.35 ^{AB}	30 27 28	24.0 21.6 22.8	1.29 0.91 1.10 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	1.74 1.77 1.76	1.31 1.36 1.34	31 29 30	25.1 23.3 24.2	2.65 1.31 1.98

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

strain average values.

EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON SYNCHRONIZED MOLT OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (462-490 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED TABLE 8.

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Beginning Body Weight (kg)	Ending Body Weight (kg)	Weight Loss/Day (g)	Weight Loss (%)	Mortality (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	2.11 2.02 2.06	1.53 1.53 1.53	41 36 38	27.5 24.8 26.1	2.39 2.11 2.25
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	1.97 2.10 2.03	1.47 1.61 1.54	36 35 35	25.7 22.9 24.3	3.69 1.97 2.83
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	2.29 2.16 2.22	1.84 1.65 1.74	32 36 34	20.1 23.8 22.0	2.81 1.41 2.11
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	2.04 2.12 2.08	1.64 1.68 1.66	29 32 30	19.5 20.7 20.1	2.06 1.40 1.73
All Strains	310 413 Average	2.10 2.10 2.10	1.62 1.62 1.62	34 35 34	23.2 23.0 23.1	2.74 1.72 2.23

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. There are no significant differences among these means.

TABLE 9. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON SYNCHRONIZED MOLT OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (462-490 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Beginning Body Wt. (kg)	Ending Body Wt. (kg)	Weight Loss/day (g)	Weight Loss (%)	Mortality (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	1.59 1.67 1.63 ^B	1.14 1.28 1.21 ^B	32 28 30	28.3 23.6 25.9	3.56 3.54 3.55
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	1.67 1.83 1.75 ^{AB}	1.31 1.52 1.42 ^A	26 22 24	21.6 16.7 19.2	1.17 1.25 1.21
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	1.87 1.86 1.86 ^A	1.49 1.48 1.48 ^A	27 27 27	20.4 20.3 20.4	2.47 0.86 1.66
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	1.67 1.78 1.73 ^{AB}	1.41 1.46 1.43 ^A	19 23 21	15.7 18.2 16.9	0.06 1.41 0.74
All Strains	310 413 Average	1.70 1.78 1.74	1.34 1.43 1.39	26 25 26	21.5 19.7 20.6	1.82 1.76 1.79

 1 The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain

average values.

TABLE 10. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON SYNCHRONIZED MOLT OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (462-490 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Beginning Body Wt. (kg)	Ending Body Wt. (kg)	Weight Loss/day (g)	Weight Loss (%)	Mortality (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	1.92 2.05 1.99	1.56 1.55 1.56	26 36 31	18.7 24.6 21.6	1.48 1.64 1.56
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	2.02 2.03 2.02	1.62 1.69 1.65	28 25 27	19.7 17.0 18.4	2.70 3.85 3.28
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	2.18 2.09 2.13	1.77 1.71 1.74	29 27 28	18.8 18.1 18.5	2.43 1.11 1.77
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	2.20 2.18 2.19	1.82 1.83 1.82	28 25 26	17.5 16.3 16.9	1.29 1.06 1.17
All Strains	310 413 Average	2.08 2.09 2.08	1.69 1.69 1.69	28 28 28	18.7 19.0 18.9	1.97 1.91 1.95

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. There are no significant differences among these means.

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT TABLE 11. (490-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	10.9 12.2 11.6	.40 .37 .38 ^B	143.5 169.5 156.5 ^B	68.3 72.3 70.3	42.8 45.3 44.1 ^B	8.4 6.7 7.5
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	10.6 11.6 11.1	.43 .42 .42 ^A	171.0 186.2 178.6 ^A	71.8 74.7 73.2	46.0 48.3 47.2 ^A	5.1 4.5 4.8
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	10.8 10.5 10.6	.41 .45 .43 ^A	159.8 179.6 169.7 ^{AB}	66.7 71.2 69.0	44.8 47.5 46.1 ^{AB}	5.6 2.9 4.3
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	10.4 11.2 10.8	.44 .42 .43 ^A	168.5 183.6 176.0 ^A	69.7 70.4 70.0	45.4 45.9 45.7 ^{AB}	8.5 2.2 5.4
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.7 11.4 11.0	.42 .42 .42	160.7 ^z 179.7 ^y 170.2	69.1 ^z 72.1 ^y 70.6	44.8 ^z 46.8 ^y 45.8	6.9 4.1 5.5

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48

square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 12. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	62.4 62.7 62.5 ^D	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.2 0.3 0.2	7.3 4.1 5.7 ^A	48.6 50.5 49.6 ^A	43.4 44.8 44.1 ^c
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	63.8 64.2 64.0°	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.2 0.3 0.3	3.0 2.0 2.5 ^B	40.8 38.2 39.5 ^B	55.7 59.1 57.4 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	67.0 66.5 66.7 ^A	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.8 1.2 1.0 ^B	22.4 23.8 23.1 ^c	76.4 74.4 75.4 ^A
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	65.1 65.2 65.1 ^B	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.8 2.2 1.5 ^B	34.0 30.1 32.1 ^c	65.0 67.5 66.2 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	64.6 64.6 64.6	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.2 0.1	3.0 2.4 2.7	36.4 35.7 36.1	60.1 61.5 60.8

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B,C,D - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

TABLE 13. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	96.5 97.8 97.1	1.1 0.4 0.7	2.3 1.6 2.0	0.1 0.3 0.2	9.21 11.05 10.13 ^B	4.02 5.10 4.56
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	98.1 97.4 97.8	0.5 0.8 0.6	1.3 1.6 1.5	0.1 0.2 0.1	11.20 12.15 11.67 ^A	4.52 5.14 4.83
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	95.6 97.4 96.5	1.4 0.6 1.0	2.9 1.9 2.4	0.2 0.1 0.2	10.36 11.74 11.05 ^{AB}	4.62 4.74 4.68
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	96.6 97.4 97.0	1.0 0.5 0.7	2.4 1.9 2.1	0.1 0.2 0.1	11.02 12.03 11.52 ^A	4.48 5.24 4.86
All Strains	310 413 Average	96.7 97.5 97.1	1.0 0.5 0.8	2.2 1.8 2.0	0.1 0.2 0.2	10.45 ^z 11.74 ^y 11.09	4.41 ^z 5.05 ^y 4.73

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 14. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	11.2 12.4 11.8	.41 .39 .40	152.5 170.4 161.5	68.5 71.3 69.9	45.6 47.6 46.6	7.1 11.4 9.2
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	11.3 11.6 11.5	.41 .42 .41	148.5 166.8 157.7	67.3 70.8 69.0	45.7 48.3 47.0	7.6 7.9 7.8
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	10.5 11.9 11.2	.42 .41 .42	147.8 176.6 162.2	65.0 71.2 68.1	44.1 48.6 46.3	6.1 5.3 5.7
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.7 11.9 11.3	.42 .41 .41	161.2 180.7 171.0	67.2 70.1 68.6	45.5 48.0 46.7	4.6 5.3 5.0
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.9^{z} 11.9^{y} 11.4	.41 .41 .41	152.5 ^z 173.6 ^y 163.1	67.0 ^z 70.8 ^y 68.9	45.2 ^z 48.1 ^y 46.7	6.4 7.5 6.9

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain

average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 15. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT $(490-770\ \mathrm{DAYS})$, FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	66.3 66.7 66.5 ^B	0.0 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.2 0.3	2.6 2.1 2.4 ^A	27.8 27.0 27.4 ^A	68.5 70.0 69.3 ^B
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	67.8 68.2 68.0 ^A	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.2 0.1 0.1	1.5 1.0 1.3 ^B	19.7 19.3 19.5 ^B	78.2 79.1 78.7 ^A
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	67.8 68.2 68.0 ^A	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.3 0.1	1.4 0.8 1.1 ^B	23.4 17.1 20.2 ^B	74.2 81.3 77.7 ^A
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	67.6 68.3 68.0 ^A	0.1 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0 0.1	2.0 1.2 1.6 ^{AB}	21.7 19.3 20.5 ^B	75.5 78.7 77.1 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	67.4 67.8 67.6	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.2 0.1 0.2	1.8 1.3 1.6	23.2 20.7 21.9	74.1 77.3 75.7

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

TABLE 16. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT $(490-770\ \text{DAYS})$, FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.2 97.0 97.1	1.2 0.9 1.1	1.4 2.1 1.7	0.3 0.0 0.1	9.88 11.08 10.48	4.57 5.33 4.95
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	96.7 97.7 97.2	1.3 0.7 1.0	2.0 1.6 1.8	0.0 0.0 0.0	9.67 10.94 10.30	4.59 5.00 4.80
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	97.2 96.7 96.9	1.0 0.7 0.9	1.7 2.5 2.1	0.1 0.2 0.1	9.59 11.51 10.55	4.41 5.42 4.91
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.1 97.3 97.2	1.0 0.8 0.9	1.8 1.8 1.8	0.1 0.1 0.1	10.49 11.78 11.13	4.76 5.68 5.22
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.1 97.2 97.1	1.1 0.8 1.0	1.7 2.0 1.9	0.1 0.1 0.1	9.90 ^z 11.33 ^y 10.62	4.58 ^z 5.36 ^y 4.97

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density

average values.

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT TABLE 17. (490-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	10.9 12.9 11.9	.36 .36 .36 ^B	135.8 153.4 144.6°	62.5 72.6 67.6	39.8 46.7 43.3	5.0 7.1 6.1
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	10.8 11.0 10.9	.42 .43 .42 ^A	172.0 182.5 177.2 ^{AB}	71.7 72.7 72.2	46.2 47.5 46.8	5.9 1.9 3.9
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	10.8 11.9 11.3	.41 .38 .39 ^{AB}	155.4 158.5 157.0 ^{BC}	66.7 65.6 66.2	44.5 45.4 45.0	8.3 6.7 7.5
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	9.9 11.3 10.6	.45 .41 .43 ^A	181.8 179.1 180.5 ^A	69.8 70.1 69.9	46.3 45.8 46.1	3.9 4.9 4.4
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.6 ^z 11.8 ^y 11.2	.41 .39 .40	161.2 ^z 168.4 ^y 164.8	67.7 70.3 69.0	44.2 46.4 45.3	5.8 5.1 5.5

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 18. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	62.9 63.4 63.1°	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.5 0.0 0.3	5.1 4.7 4.9	48.4 46.9 47.6 ^A	45.5 48.1 46.8°
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	63.6 64.3 64.0 ^{BC}	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.4 0.2 0.3	4.2 2.2 3.2	38.0 41.4 39.7 ^B	57.0 55.9 56.5 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	66.5 67.9 67.2 ^A	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.4 0.2	0.1 2.0 1.0	20.8 17.5 19.1 ^D	78.9 80.0 79.6 ^A
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	64.5 65.3 64.9 ^B	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0 0.1	4.1 1.6 2.8	35.4 28.8 32.1°	60.0 69.4 64.7 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	64.4 65.2 64.8	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.3 0.1 0.2	3.4 2.6 3.0	35.6 33.6 34.6	60.4 63.4 61.9

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C,D - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

TABLE 19. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	96.9 95.5 96.2	0.8 1.9 1.4	2.2 2.1 2.1	0.1 0.5 0.3	8.78 9.85 9.31 ^c	4.29 4.84 4.56
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	97.4 97.3 97.3	0.4 1.0 0.7	2.1 1.7 1.9	0.1 0.0 0.1	11.19 11.91 11.55 ^{AB}	4.69 5.00 4.84
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	96.6 98.1 97.4	1.4 0.5 1.0	1.5 1.4 1.4	0.5 0.0 0.3	10.15 10.43 10.29 ^{BC}	4.53 5.18 4.86
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	96.7 98.6 97.7	0.9 0.2 0.5	2.1 1.2 1.6	0.3 0.1 0.2	11.78 11.82 11.80 ^A	4.67 5.21 4.94
All Strains	310 413 Average	96.9 97.4 97.1	0.9 0.9 0.9	2.0 1.6 1.8	0.3 0.2 0.2	10.47 11.00 10.74	4.54 ^z 5.06 ^y 4.80

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48

square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 20. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	11.3 12.4 11.9	.40 .39 .40	155.9 170.4 163.2	68.8 72.3 70.5	46.6 48.3 47.4	8.2 5.6 6.9
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	10.7 12.3 11.5	.42 .40 .41	152.5 177.9 165.2	66.8 73.0 69.9	45.8 49.4 47.6	6.6 7.7 7.2
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	11.0 11.2 11.1	.41 .42 .42	154.4 180.0 167.2	68.6 70.1 69.4	45.5 47.0 46.3	3.9 5.1 4.5
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.7 11.4 11.1	.40 .42 .41	154.4 187.0 170.7	63.6 71.4 67.5	43.8 48.4 46.1	4.7 4.0 4.4
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.9 ^z 11.8 ^y 11.4	.41 .41 .41	154.3 ^z 178.8 ^y 166.6	66.9 ^z 71.7 ^y 69.3	45.4 ^z 48.3 ^y 46.9	5.8 5.6 5.7

 1 The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

TABLE 21. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (490-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	66.1 66.7 66.4	0.1 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0 0.1	3.2 1.6 2.4	26.3 27.3 26.8	69.8 70.6 70.2
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	67.7 67.6 67.7	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.2 0.1	1.1 1.3 1.2	22.8 22.6 22.7	75.4 75.4 75.4
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	66.0 66.9 66.4	0.1 0.3 0.2	1.3 0.0 0.7	1.6 1.3 1.4	26.8 25.3 26.1	69.7 72.5 71.1
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	67.9 67.5 67.7	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	2.4 2.6 2.5	21.8 21.9 21.8	75.3 75.9 75.6
All Strains	310 413 Average	66.9 67.2 67.1	0.0 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.0 0.2	2.1 1.7 1.9	24.4 24.3 24.4	72.6 73.6 73.1

 $^{^{1}}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

TABLE 22. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT $(490-770\ \text{DAYS})$, FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.6 97.7 97.6	1.0 0.9 0.9	1.4 1.3 1.4	0.0 0.2 0.1	10.15 11.14 10.64	4.74 5.40 5.07
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	97.0 97.8 97.4	0.9 0.7 0.8	2.0 1.4 1.7	0.2 0.1 0.1	9.94 11.63 10.78	4.51 5.57 5.04
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	97.3 96.5 96.9	1.3 1.1 1.2	1.5 2.2 1.9	0.1 0.2 0.1	10.01 11.67 10.84	4.55 5.33 4.94
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.3 98.1 97.7	0.9 0.5 0.7	1.8 1.4 1.6	0.1 0.0 0.0	10.07 12.35 11.21	4.80 5.53 5.16
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.3 97.5 97.4	1.0 0.8 0.9	1.7 1.6 1.6	0.1 0.1 0.1	10.04 ^z 11.70 ^y 10.87	4.65 ^z 5.46 ^y 5.05

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	10.2 11.3 10.7	.42 .40 .41	409.4 454.3 431.9	73.4 77.1 75.2 ^{AB}	44.4 47.1 45.8 ^B	28.2 18.6 23.4 ^A
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	9.9 10.7 10.3	.45 .44 .44	437.0 470.4 453.7	74.5 77.8 76.1 ^A	46.1 48.6 47.4 ^A	17.7 12.9 15.3 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	10.1 10.1 10.1	.44 .46 .45	416.9 450.9 433.9	70.4 74.6 72.5 ^{BC}	45.7 48.3 47.0 ^{AB}	18.5 10.5 14.5 ^B
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	9.6 10.5 10.0	.45 .43 .44	424.7 448.9 436.8	71.0 72.2 71.6°	44.8 45.5 45.2 ^B	17.0 7.4 12.2 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.0 ^z 10.6 ^y 10.3	.44 .43 .44	422.0 ^z 456.1 ^y 439.1	72.3 ^z 75.4 ^y 73.9	45.3 ^z 47.4 ^y 46.3	20.3 ^Y 12.3 ^Z 16.3

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 24. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	58.7 59.2 58.9 ^c	2.2 2.3 2.2 ^{AB}	5.2 4.5 4.8	19.5 16.6 18.0 ^A	43.6 46.4 45.0 ^A	29.3 29.9 29.6 ^D
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	59.8 60.2 60.0 ^B	1.9 1.8 1.8 ^B	4.4 4.1 4.2	16.2 14.6 15.4 ^B	40.9 40.2 40.6 ^B	36.3 39.0 37.6 ^c
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	62.9 62.6 62.8 ^A	1.0 1.1 1.0°	4.5 3.7 4.1	8.7 9.7 9.2 ^c	29.3 30.9 30.1 ^D	56.2 54.2 55.2 ^A
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	60.8 60.8 60.8 ^B	2.4 2.7 2.6 ^A	3.7 4.1 3.9	13.3 12.6 12.9 ^B	36.9 35.2 36.1 ^c	43.5 45.3 44.4 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	60.6 60.7 60.6	1.9 2.0 1.9	4.4 4.1 4.3	14.4 13.3 13.9	37.7 38.2 37.9	41.3 42.1 41.7

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B,C,D - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF TABLE 25. HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	97.0 98.0 97.5	0.6 0.3 0.5	2.3 1.4 1.8	0.1 0.2 0.1	24.48 27.58 26.03 ^B	9.65 11.36 10.50
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	98.2 97.9 98.0	0.3 0.4 0.4	1.4 1.5 1.5	0.1 0.2 0.1	26.77 28.92 27.84 ^A	10.10 11.27 10.68
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	96.8 97.6 97.2	0.8 0.3 0.5	2.3 2.0 2.2	0.1 0.1 0.1	26.02 28.23 27.12 ^{AB}	10.43 10.66 10.54
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	97.3 97.9 97.6	0.7 0.4 0.5	2.0 1.6 1.8	0.1 0.2 0.1	26.08 27.65 26.87 ^{AB}	9.95 11.33 10.64
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.3 97.8 97.6	0.6 0.4 0.5	2.0 1.6 1.8	0.1 0.2 0.1	25.84 ^z 28.10 ^y 26.97	10.03 ^z 11.15 ^y 10.59

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain

average values.

Y, Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 26. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.5 11.4 10.9	.44 .43 .43	417.8 465.0 441.4	73.8 77.2 75.5	47.3 49.9 48.6	23.5 19.3 21.4 ^A
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	10.6 10.9 10.8	.44 .45 .44	411.8 447.4 429.6	72.7 76.4 74.5	47.3 50.4 48.8	24.8 19.4 22.1 ^A
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	9.8 11.1 10.5	.46 .45 .45	413.2 468.7 441.0	71.6 77.6 74.6	46.2 50.7 48.4	20.6 13.6 17.1 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.1 11.2 10.6	.45 .44 .44	422.0 471.7 446.8	71.9 75.7 73.8	47.1 50.0 48.5	16.3 9.7 13.0 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.3 ^z 11.2 ^y 10.7	.44 .44 .44	416.2 ^z 463.2 ^y 439.7	72.5 ^z 76.7 ^y 74.6	47.0 ^z 50.2 ^y 48.6	21.3 ^Y 15.5 ^Z 18.4

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain

average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 27. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	62.3 62.9 62.6 ^B	1.0 0.6 0.8	3.4 3.2 3.3	12.6 11.0 11.8	34.0 32.5 33.2 ^A	48.5 52.4 50.4 ^B
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	63.4 64.2 63.8 ^A	0.7 0.6 0.7	3.2 2.6 2.9	11.2 9.0 10.1	28.4 26.9 27.7 ^B	56.1 60.5 58.3 ^A
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	63.2 63.9 63.5 ^A	1.0 0.7 0.8	2.7 3.1 2.9	12.2 8.4 10.3	30.3 27.1 28.7 ^B	52.9 60.4 56.7 ^A
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	63.5 64.2 63.8 ^A	1.0 0.7 0.9	2.9 2.4 2.6	9.6 9.3 9.5	29.7 28.2 28.9 ^B	56.4 58.8 57.6 ^A
All Strains	310 413 Average	63.1 ^z 63.8 ^y 63.5	0.9 0.7 0.8	3.1 2.8 2.9	11.4° 9.4° 10.4	30.6 28.7 29.6	53.5 ^z 58.0 ^y 55.8

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 28. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FORCE MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.8 97.8 97.8	0.8 0.6 0.7	1.2 1.6 1.4	0.2 0.0 0.1	26.01 29.26 27.63	10.32 11.84 11.08
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	97.4 97.9 97.7	0.8 0.5 0.7	1.8 1.5 1.6	0.0 0.0 0.0	25.81 28.35 27.08	10.38 11.16 10.77
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	97.6 97.8 97.7	0.8 0.4 0.6	1.6 1.6 1.6	0.0 0.1 0.1	25.66 29.67 27.67	9.87 11.69 10.78
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.5 97.7 97.6	0.7 0.5 0.6	1.8 1.7 1.7	0.1 0.1 0.1	26.52 29.79 28.15	10.50 12.22 11.36
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.6 97.8 97.7	0.7 0.5 0.6	1.6 1.6 1.6	0.1 0.1 0.1	26.00 ^z 29.27 ^y 27.63	10.27 ^z 11.73 ^y 11.00

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT TABLE 29. (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	10.0 11.6 10.8	.41 .40 .40 ^B	389.7 433.8 411.7 ^B	69.4 77.7 73.5 ^A	42.1 48.0 45.1	23.9 26.8 25.3 ^A
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	10.0 10.3 10.2	.44 .45 .44 ^A	440.6 464.7 452.7 ^A	74.6 76.6 75.6 ^A	46.4 47.9 47.2	17.2 10.9 14.1 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	10.1 11.0 10.5	.43 .40 .41 ^{AB}	402.0 408.8 405.4 ^B	68.8 69.1 69.0 ^B	44.7 45.7 45.2	21.2 16.1 18.6 ^{AB}
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	9.4 10.4 9.9	.46 .43 .44 ^A	447.7 453.1 450.4 ^A	72.1 73.4 72.7 ^{AB}	45.5 46.4 45.9	9.3 10.9 10.1 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	9.9 ^z 10.8 ^y 10.4	.43 .42 .43	420.0 440.1 430.1	71.2^{z} 74.2^{y} 72.7	44.7 ^z 47.0 ^y 45.8	17.9 16.2 17.0

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain

average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 30. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	58.8 59.5 59.1 ^c	2.8 2.3 2.5 ^A	5.1 5.1 5.1	19.6 16.1 17.8 ^A	43.1 44.2 43.7 ^A	29.1 32.0 30.6 ^c
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	59.8 60.2 60.0 ^{BC}	1.7 1.7 1.7 ^{BC}	4.6 3.6 4.1	16.8 16.3 16.5 ^A	39.5 41.7 40.6 ^{AB}	37.2 36.5 36.8 ^B
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	62.8 63.6 63.2 ^A	0.7 1.1 0.9 ^c	3.8 4.0 3.9	10.0 8.9 9.4 ^B	27.5 25.7 26.6 ^c	58.0 60.3 59.1 ^A
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	60.0 61.1 60.5 ^B	2.6 2.1 2.3 ^{AB}	4.0 4.5 4.2	16.7 12.2 14.4 ^A	36.5 34.8 35.6 ^B	40.0 46.3 43.1 ^B
All Strains	310 413 Average	60.4 61.1 60.7	1.9 1.8 1.9	4.3 4.3 4.3	15.7 13.4 14.6	36.6 36.6 36.6	41.1 43.8 42.4

 $^{^{1}}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. A,B,C - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

TABLE 31. EFFECT OF WHITE EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (White)	310 413 Average	97.2 96.9 97.0	0.7 1.1 0.9	2.0 1.6 1.8	0.1 0.4 0.3	23.16 26.07 24.61 ^B	9.72 11.09 10.41
Bovans (Experiment)	310 413 Average	97.4 97.9 97.6	0.3 0.7 0.5	2.2 1.4 1.8	0.1 0.1 0.1	26.90 28.60 27.75 ^A	10.32 10.93 10.62
Hy-Line (W-98)	310 413 Average	97.0 98.4 97.7	1.2 0.4 0.8	1.6 1.3 1.4	0.3 0.0 0.2	25.13 25.79 25.46 ^B	10.25 11.33 10.79
Hy-Line (W-36)	310 413 Average	97.5 98.4 98.0	0.5 0.2 0.3	1.8 1.2 1.5	0.3 0.1 0.2	27.24 28.01 27.63 ^A	10.23 11.24 10.74
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.3 97.9 97.6	0.7 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.4 1.6	0.2 0.2 0.2	25.61 ^z 27.12 ^y 26.36	10.13 ^z 11.14 ^y 10.64

¹The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

A,B - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among strain average values.

Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among density average values.

TABLE 32. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON PERFORMANCE OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density¹ (cm²)	Feed Cons (kg/100 hens/d)	Feed Conver- sion (g egg/ g feed)	Eggs Per Bird Housed	Egg Produc- tion (HD%)	Egg Mass (g/HD)	Mortal- ity (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.6 11.6 11.1	.44 .42 .43	427.6 462.4 445.0	74.3 78.4 76.4	48.2 50.4 49.3	21.7 18.0 19.9
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	10.1 11.4 10.8	.45 .43 .44	412.8 474.6 443.7	71.8 78.2 75.0	47.4 51.2 49.3	20.3 15.7 18.0
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	10.2 10.7 10.5	.45 .45 .45	412.7 482.2 447.4	73.9 77.8 75.9	47.5 50.3 48.9	21.3 10.7 16.0
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	10.0 10.8 10.4	.44 .45 .45	411.6 482.7 447.2	69.7 77.2 73.5	45.9 50.6 48.2	15.5 7.7 11.6
All Strains	310 413 Average	10.2 ^z 11.1 ^y 10.7	.44 .44 .44	416.2 ^z 475.5 ^y 445.8	72.4 ^z 77.9 ^y 75.2	47.2 ^z 50.6 ^y 48.9	19.7 ^Y 13.0 ^Z 16.4

 1 The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

TABLE 33. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG WEIGHT AND EGG SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Egg Weight (g/egg)	Pee Wee (%)	Small (%)	Medium (%)	Large (%)	Extra Large (%)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	62.3 62.6 62.5	1.0 0.6 0.8	3.1 2.9 3.0	12.7 10.4 11.5	32.5 33.9 33.2	50.4 51.8 51.1
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	63.7 63.7 63.7	0.5 0.3 0.4	3.8 3.1 3.5	9.4 9.6 9.5	29.4 30.4 29.9	56.4 56.2 56.3
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	62.2 63.1 62.7	1.0 0.7 0.9	4.0 2.8 3.4	10.6 10.0 10.3	32.7 31.7 32.2	51.4 54.4 52.9
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	63.7 63.7 63.7	0.9 0.4 0.6	3.1 2.5 2.8	11.3 8.5 9.9	27.5 31.1 29.3	56.8 57.5 57.2
All Strains	310 413 Average	63.0 63.3 63.1	0.8 0.5 0.7	3.5 2.8 3.2	11.0 9.6 10.3	30.5 31.8 31.2	53.8 55.0 54.4

 $^{^{1}}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches.

TABLE 34. EFFECT OF BROWN EGG STRAIN AND DENSITY ON EGG QUALITY, INCOME AND FEED COSTS OF HENS IN THE 33rd NCLP&MT (126-770 DAYS), FEED RESTRICTION MOLTED

Breeder (Strain)	Density ¹ (cm ²)	Grade A (%)	Grade B (%)	Cracks (%)	Loss (%)	Egg Income (\$/hen)	Feed Costs (\$/hen)
Bovans (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.9 97.9 97.9	0.7 0.6 0.6	1.4 1.4 1.4	0.0 0.1 0.1	26.71 29.12 27.91	10.64 11.93 11.28
Bovans (Goldline)	310 413 Average	97.8 98.4 98.1	0.6 0.4 0.5	1.5 1.2 1.3	0.1 0.1 0.1	25.96 30.12 28.04	10.22 12.25 11.23
Hy-Line (CV-21 Exp.)	310 413 Average	97.8 97.5 97.6	0.8 0.6 0.7	1.4 1.9 1.6	0.1 0.1 0.1	25.79 30.36 28.08	9.99 11.70 10.85
Hy-Line (Brown)	310 413 Average	97.8 98.4 98.1	0.6 0.3 0.4	1.6 1.3 1.4	0.1 0.0 0.0	25.81 30.93 28.37	10.33 11.92 11.12
All Strains	310 413 Average	97.8 98.1 97.9	0.6 0.5 0.6	1.5 1.4 1.4	0.1 0.1 0.1	26.07 ^z 30.13 ^y 28.10	10.29 ^z 11.95 ^y 11.12

 $^{^1}$ The following is the conversion from square centimeters to square inches: 310 equals 48 square inches; 413 equals 64 square inches. Y,Z - Different letters denote significant differences (P<.01), comparisons made among

density average values.

Figure 1. Bovans White Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

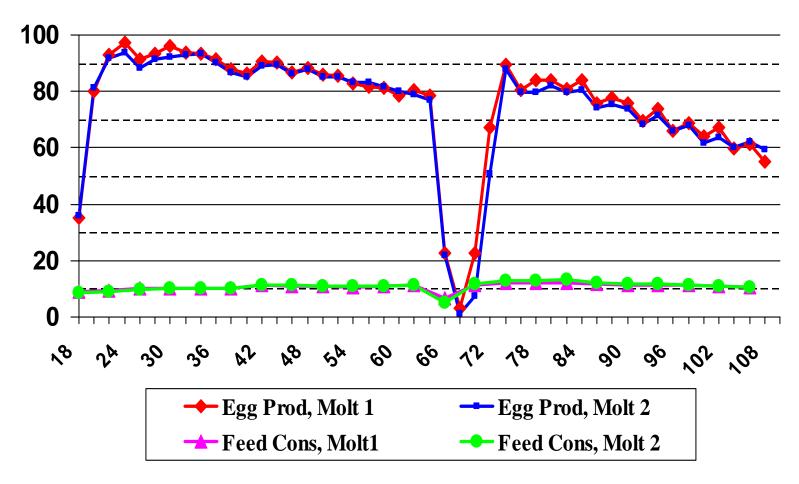


Figure 2. Bovans White Exp. Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

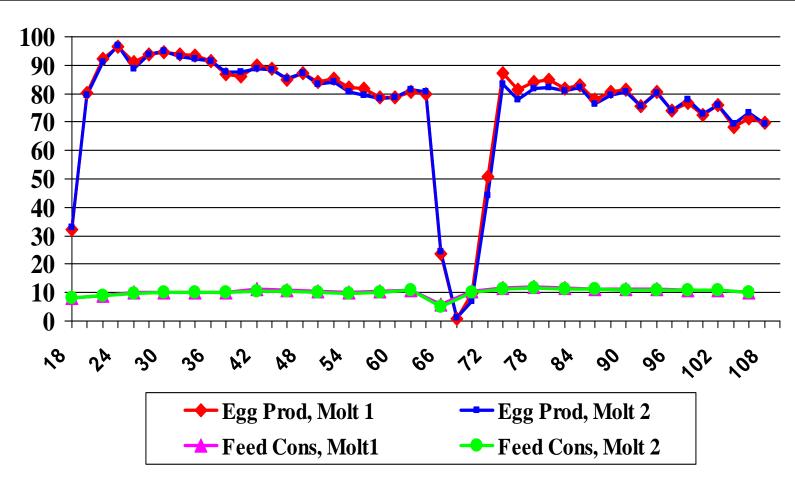


Figure 3. Bovans Brown Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

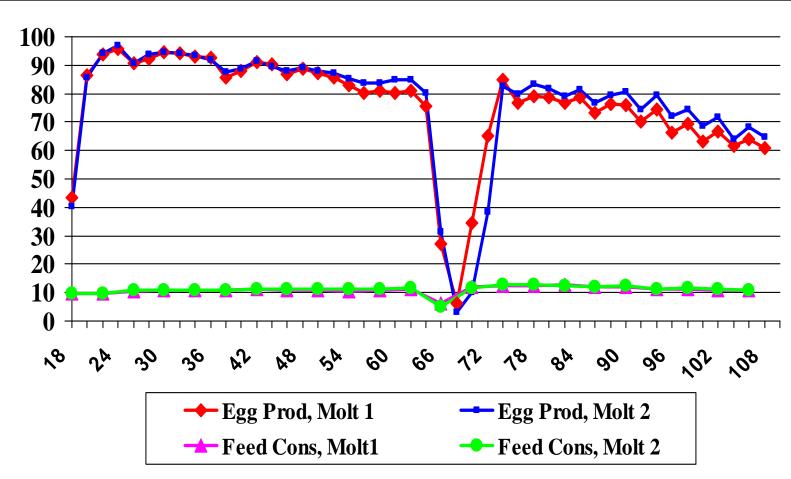


Figure 4. Bovans Goldline Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

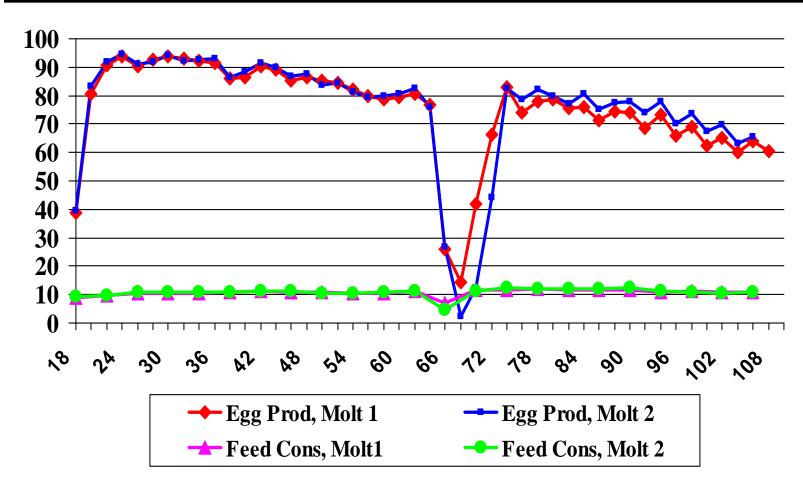


Figure 5. Hy-Line "W-98" Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

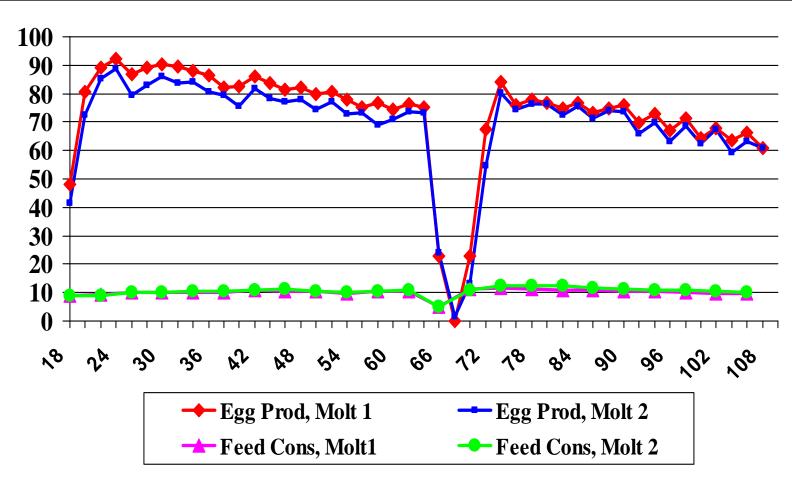


Figure 6. Hy-Line CV-21 Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

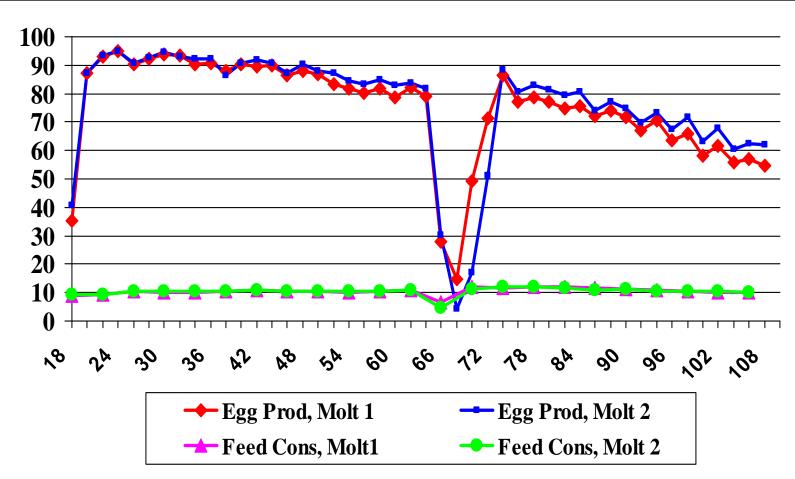


Figure 7. Hy-Line Brown Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²

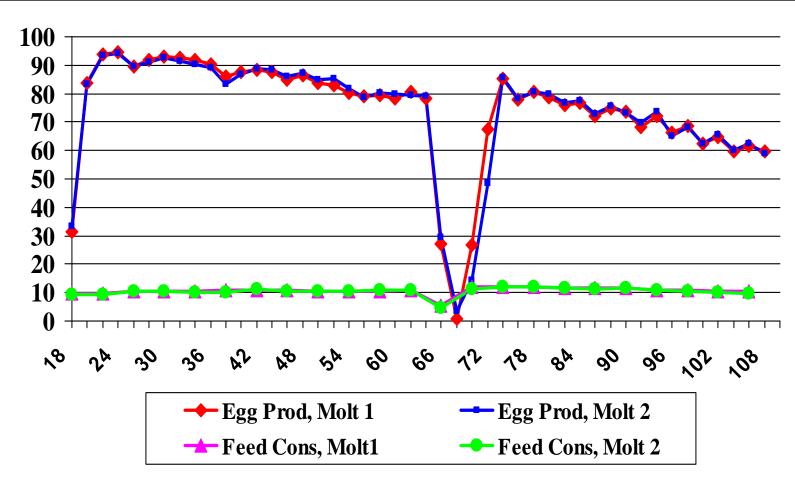
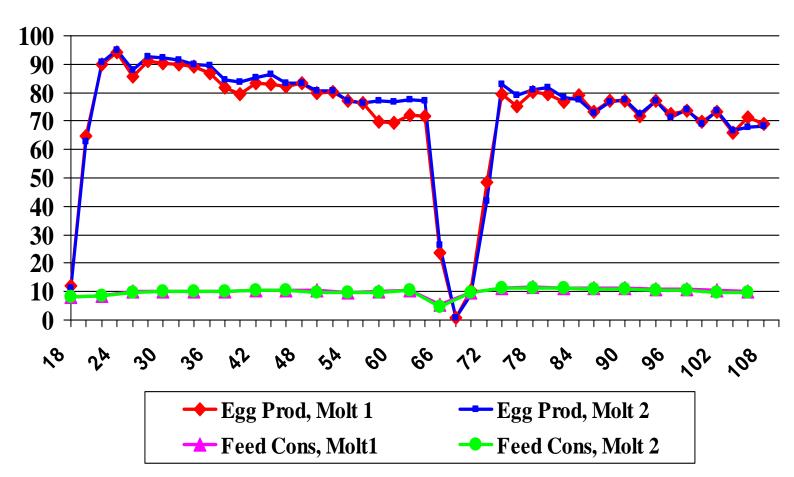


Figure 8. Hy-Line "W-36" Strain Bi-weekly Percent Egg Production and Period Feed Consumption kg per 100 Hens for Molt Programs 1¹ and 2²



Entries 33rd NCLP&MT Stock Suppliers and Categories

<u>Breeder</u>	<u>Stock</u>	<u>Category</u> ¹	Source
Hy-Line International P.O. Box 310 Dallas Center, IA 50063	W-36	I-A	Hy-Line International 4432 Highway 213, Box 309 Mansfield, GA 30255
	W-98	I-A	(Same)
	Hy-Line Brown	I-A	Hy-Line International 1915 Sugar Grove Dallas Center, IA 50063
	Hy-Line CV-21 Experimental	III-A	(Same)
Centurion Poultry 1471 Lane Creek Road Bogart, GA 30622	Bovans White	I-A	Centurion Poultry Inc. 1471 Lane Creek Road Bogart, GA 30622
	Bovans White Experimental	III-A	(Same)
	Bovans Brown	I-A	(Same)
	Bovans Goldline	I-A	(Same)

¹ I = Extensive distribution in southeast United States
 II = Little or no distribution in southeast United States
 III = Unavailable for commercial distribution in United States

A = Entry requested C = Entry not requested